31 July 1995

TENTATIVE FORECAST OF THE PROGRAMME OF WORK OF THE SECURITY COUNCIL FOR THE MONTH OF AUGUST 1995

For information only/not an official document

This tentative forecast of the programme of work of the Security Council has been prepared by the Secretariat for the President of the Council. The forecast covers in particular those matters that may be taken up during the month pursuant to earlier decisions of the Council. The fact that a matter is or is not included in the forecast carries no implication that it will or will not be taken up during the month: the actual programme of work will be determined by developments and the views of members of the Council.

95-22664

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FORECAST OF THE PROGRAMME OF WORK OF THE SECURITY COUNCIL FOR THE MONTH OF AUGUST 1995

AFRICA

Angola

By resolution 976 (1995) of 8 February 1995, the Security Council decided to establish UNAVEM III with an initial mandate until 8 August 1995.

Since February 1995, pursuant to the same resolution, the Secretary-General has kept the Council informed, on monthly basis, of progress in the deployment of UNAVEM III and in implementation of the Lusaka Protocol.

On 17 July 1995, the Secretary-General submitted to the Security Council a comprehensive report on UNAVEM III and on the implementation of the Lusaka Protocol (S/1995/588).

A meeting of Council members, troop-contributing countries and the Secretariat will be held in advance of the consideration of the mandate of UNAVEM III.

Burundi

In a statement made by the President of the Security Council at the 3497th, held meeting on 31 January 1995 (S/PRST/1995/5), the Council, which had been following closely developments in Burundi, indicated that it had learned with concern that the situation in the country had deteriorated considerably. In this regard, the Security Council requested the Secretary-General to continue to keep it fully informed of developments in Burundi.

In a statement made by the President of the Security Council at the 3511th meeting on 29 March 1995 (S/PRST/1995/13), the Council requested the Secretary-General to report to it on an urgent basis on what steps should be taken to establish an impartial international commission of inquiry into

the October 1993 coup attempt and into the massacres that followed.

Pursuant to the above request, the Secretary-General, in his letter dated 28 July 1995 (S/1995/631), recommended that the Council adopt, as soon as possible, a resolution establishing such a commission, with a three-fold mandate, on the basis of the report annexed to his letter.

Rwanda

By its resolution 997 (1995) of 9 June 1995, the Security Council, in extending the mandate of UNAMIR until 8 December 1995, requested the Secretary-General to report to the Council by 9 August 1995 on the discharge by UNAMIR of its mandate, the humanitarian situation and progress towards repatriation of refugees.

Somalia

In a statement made by the President of the Security Council at the 3513th meeting, on 6 April 1995 (S/PRST/1995/15), the Council supported the view of the Secretary-General that Somalia should not be abandoned by the United Nations. The Council requested the Secretary-General to continue to monitor the situation in Somalia and to keep it informed about further developments.

Western Sahara

By its resolution 1002 (1995)of 30 June 1995, the Security Council requested the Secretary-General, in addition to the reports called for in paragraph 48 of the report of the Security Council mission (S/1995/498), to keep the Council fully informed of further developments in the implementation of the Settlement Plan for Western Sahara during this period, in particular of any significant delays in the pace of the identification process or other developments that would call into question the Secretary-General's ability to set the start of the transitional period on 15 November 1995.

ASIA

Situation on the Tajik - Afghan border

By its resolution 999 (1995) of 16 June 1995, the Security Council, having stressed the urgency of the cessation of all hostile acts on the Tajik - Afghan border and having called upon all States and others concerned to discourage any activities that could complicate or hinder the peace process in Tajikistan, requested the Secretary-General to report to the Council on his discussions with relevant Afghan authorities regarding a possible deployment of a small number of United Nations personnel in northern Afghanistan and expressed its willingness to consider a relevant recommendation of the Secretary-General in the context of the implementation of that resolution.

EUROPE

Bosnia and Herzegovina

In its resolution 1004 (1995) of 12 July 1995, the Security Council requested the Secretary-General to use all resources available to him to restore the status as defined by the Agreement of 18 April 1993 of the safe area of Srebrenica in accordance with the mandate of UNPROFOR, and called on the parties to cooperate to that end.

The Secretary-General accordingly decided to send MR. Thorvald Stoltenberg immediately to Bosnia and Herzegovina, as his Special Envoy, to open negotiations with the parties on those matters.

The Secretary-General will keep the Security Council informed of the results of his Special Envoy's efforts.

ICFY Mission

In its resolution 1003 (1995) of 5 July 1995, the Council decided that the restrictions and other measures referred to in paragraph 1 of resolution 943 (1994) should be suspended until 18 September 1995.

In paragraph 2 of the same resolution, the Council decided also that the arrangements referred

to in paragraphs 13, 14 and 15 of resolution 988 (1995) should continue to apply.

In paragraph 13 of its resolution 988 (1995), the Council requested that every 30 days and no fewer than ten days before the expiration of the period referred to in paragraph 1 of the resolution, the Secretary-General submit to the Security Council for its review a report as to whether the Co-Chairmen of the ICFY Steering Committee, on the basis of information made available to them from ICFY Mission and all other available sources deemed relevant by the ICFY Mission, certify that the authorities of the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia (Serbia and Montenegro) were implementing their decision to close the international border, on land and in the air, between the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia (Serbia and Montenegro) and the Republic of Bosnia and Herzegovina with respect to all goods, except foodstuffs, medical supplies and clothing for essential humanitarian needs, and were complying with the requirements of paragraph 3 of resolution 970 (1995) in respect to all shipments across the international border between the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia (Serbia and Montenegro) and the Republic of Bosnia and Herzegovina.

The Secretary-General transmitted the bi-annual report by the Co-Chairmen of the Steering Committee of the International Conference on the Former Yugoslavia on 26 July 1995 (S/1995/626).

The report concerning the operations of the International Conference's Mission to the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia (Serbia and Montenegro), as called for in paragraph 13 of resolution 988 (1995), is expected to be submitted in the first week of August 1995.

Croatia

In a statement made by the President of the Security Council at the 3545th meeting on 16 June 1995 (S/PRST/1995/30), the Council, having expressed its concern at the situation in Croatia and at the continuing failure of the parties to cooperate satisfactorily with UNCRO and to comply fully with the demands of the Council, inter alia, welcomed the Secretary-General's intention to monitor closely the parties' cooperation with UNCRO

and their compliance with the cease-fire agreement of 29 March 1994, and requested the Secretary-General to keep the Council fully informed. The Council was of the opinion that such cooperation and compliance were essential for the implementation of UNCRO's mandate and for progress towards a negotiated settlement respecting fully the sovereignty and territorial integrity of the Republic of Croatia and which guaranteed the security and rights of all communities.

In paragraph 9 of resolution 981 (1995) the Security Council invited the Secretary-General "to report as appropriate and not less than every four months on prporess towards a peaceful political settlement and the situation on the ground including UNCRO's ability to implement its mandate as described above". The report of the Secretary-Generall may be expected in the first half of August 1995.

Navigation on the Danube river

By its resolution 992 (1995) of 11 May 1995, the Security Council decided that the use of the locks of the Iron Gates I system on the left hand bank of the Danube by vessels (a) registered in the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia (Serbia and Montenegro) or (b) in which a majority or controlling interest is held by a person on undertaking in or operation from the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia (Serbia and Montenegro) should be permitted.

The Council further decided that the resolution should come into force on the day following the receipt by the Council from the Committee established pursuant to resolution 724 (1991) of a report by the Danube Commission that they were satisfied that preparations for the repairs to the locks of the Iron Gates I system on the right hand bank of the Danube had been completed. The required report by the Danube Commission was transmitted to the Council on 22 June 1995 (S/1995/502), thus the resolution entered into force the following day, i.e. 23 June 1995.

In paragraph 2 of the above resolution, the Council further decided, inter alia, that the resolution should remain in force for a period of 60 days from the date on which it came into force, and, unless the Council decided otherwise, for a

further period of up to 60 days if the Council was notified by the Committee established pursuant to resolution 724 (1991) that each such further period was required for completion of the necessary repairs.

In this connection, the Council, in paragraph 7 of the resolution, requested the Executive Director of the Danube Commission to inform the Chairman of the Committee established pursuant to resolution 724 (1991) of the date of completion of the repairs, or, if the repairs have not been completed within 60 days of the entry into force of that resolution, or within the subsequent periods of up to 60 days for which the provisions of that resolution might be extended, to provide the Chairman with a report on the state of the repairs 10 days before the expiry of any such period.

The report by the Executive Director of the Danube Commission may be expected by mid-August 1995, if the repairs are not completed by that time.

Georgia

By its resolution 993 (1995) of 12 May 1995, the Security Council, in extending the mandate of UNOMIG until 12 January 1996, requested the Secretary-General to report every three months from the date of the adoption of that resolution on all aspects of the situation in Abkhazia, Republic of Georgia, including the operations of UNOMIG, and decided to undertake, on the basis of those reports, further reviews of the situation.

The first such report by the Secretary-General may be expected by mid-August 1995.

UNPREDEP

By its resolution 983 (1995) of 31 March 1995, the Security Council requested the Secretary-General to keep the Council regularly informed of any developments on the ground and other circumstances affecting the mandate of UNPREDEP.

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31 July 1995

FORTHCOMING REPORTS BY THE SECRETARY-GENERAL AS REQUESTED BY THE SECURITY COUNCIL
(August 1995)

Item	Due date	Request contained in resolution or Presidential statement or letter from the President of the Security Council	Formulation of the request in the resolution or Presidential statement or letter from the President of the Security Council
Croatia (UNCRO)	First half of August 1995	S/RES/981 of 31 March 1995	"Invites the Secretary-General to report as appropriate and not less than every four months on progress towards a peaceful political settlement and the situation on the ground including UNCRO's ability to implement its mandate ..., and undertakes in this conection to examine without delay any recommendations that the Secretary-General may make in his reports and adopt appropriate decisions" (para 9).
Rwanda (UNAMIR)	By 9 August 1995	S/RES/997 of 9 June 1995	"Requests the Secretary-General to report to the Council by 9 August 1995 ... on the discharge by UNAMIR of its mandate, the humanitarian situation and progress towards repatriation of refugees" (para. 11).

Item	Due date	Request contained in resolution or Presidential statement or letter from the President of the Security Council	Formulation of the request in the resolution or Presidential statement or letter from the President of the Security Council
Georgia (UNOMIG)	By 12 August 1995	S/RES/993 of 12 May 1995	"Requests the Secretary-General to report every three months from the date of the adoption of this resolution on all aspects of the situation in Abkhazia, Republic of Georgia, including the operations of UNOMIG ..." (para. 12).
Haiti (UNMIH)	By mid-November 1995	S/RES/1007 of 31 July 1995	"Requests the Secretary-General to apprise the Council of progress inthe fulfilment of UNMIH's mandate and, to this end, also requests the Secretary-General to report to the Council at the mid-point of this mandate (para 11).

31 July 1995

SCHEDULE OF FORTHCOMING REVIEWS OR RENEWALS OF MANDATES

Subject	Date of Review/ Expiry of Mandate/ Review of Status*	Council Decision Providing for Current Mandate
UNAVEM III	8 August 1995	976 (1995) of 8 February 1995
UNOMIL	15 September 1995	1001 (1995) of 30 June 1995
MINURSO	30 September 1995	1002 (1995) of 30 June 1995
UNMIH	mid-November 1995 1/	1007 (1995) of 31 July 1995
UNIKOM	7 October 1995 *	S/1995/280 of 7 April 1995
UNCRO	30 November 1995	981 (1995) of 31 March 1995
UNPROFOR	30 November 1995	982 (1995) of 31 March 1995
UNPREDEP	30 November 1995	983 (1995) of 31 March 1995
UNDOF	30 November 1995	996 (1995) of 30 May 1995
UNAMIR	8 December 1995	997 (1995) of 9 June 1995
UNMOT	15 December 1995	999 (1995) of 16 June 1995
UNFICYP	31 December 1995	1000 (1995) of 23 June 1995
UNOMIG	12 January 1996	993 (1995) of 12 May 1995
UNIFIL	31 January 1996	1006 (1995) of 28 July 1995
UNMIH	End of February 1996 2/	1007 (1995) of 31 July 1995

1/ In paragraph 11 of resolution 1007 (1995), the Secretary-General is requested to report to the Council at the mid-point of this mandate.

2/ In paragraph 9 of resolution 1007 (1995), the Council decided to extend the mandate of UNMIH for a period of seven months.

31 July 1995

REVIEW OF SANCTIONS REGIMES

Subject	Date of Next Review	Explanatory Notes
Iraq	9 September 1995 (Saturday)	Under S/RES/687 (1991), paragraph 21, the Security Council is required to review every 60 days the provisions of paragraph 20 of that resolution. The last review, the 26th in the series, was undertaken on 11 July 1995 in consultations of the whole of the Council. No document was issued thereon.
	8 November 1995	Under S/RES/687 (1991), paragraph 28, the Security Council is required to review every 120 days the provisions set out in paragraphs 22, 23, 24 and 25 of that resolution. The required review does not apply to the provisions specified and defined in paragraphs 8 and 12 of resolution 687 (1991). The forthcoming review will be the 14th in the series. Under S/RES/700 (1991), paragraph 6, the Security Council decided to review the Guidelines for the implementation of the relevant provisions of resolution 687 (1991) at the same time as its regular reviews called for in paragraph 28 of that resolution. The forthcoming review will also be the 14th in the series.
Suspension of the restrictions and other measures against the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia (Serbia and Montenegro) referred to in paragraph 1 of Security Council resolution 943 (1994)	18 September 1995	Under S/RES/1003 (1995), paragraph 1, the Security Council decided that the restrictions and other measures referred to in paragraph 1 of resolution 943 (1994) shall be suspended until 18 September 1995.

S u b j e c t	Date of Next Review	Explanatory Notes
Libyan Arab Jamahiriya	28 November 1995	Under S/RES/748 (1992), paragraph 13, the Security Council is required to review every 120 days or sooner, should the situation so require, the measures imposed by paragraph 3 to 7. The last review took place in consultations of the whole of the Council on 28 July 1995, after which a Presidential statement was issued (S/PRST/1995/36).
Areas of the Republic of Bosnia and Herzegovina under the control of Bosnian Serb forces	23 September 1995	Under S/RES/942 (1994), paragraph 21, the Security Council is required to review the measures imposed by that resolution whenever appropriate and in any event every four months from the date of its adoption.